Figure: 26 TAC §749.2107(a)

Type of Emergency Behavior	Conditions:
Intervention (1) Short paragraph restraint	Not applies block because about payed and
(1) Short personal restraint	Not applicable, because short personal
(2) 5	restraints do not require orders.
(2) Personal restraint	(A) Orders must originate from a licensed psychiatrist or psychologist and include the number of times a child may be restrained in a seven-day period.
	(B) If the orders allow more than three restraints within a seven-day period, the order must include a plan for reducing the need for emergency behavior intervention.
	(C) The licensed psychiatrist or psychologist must review PRN orders for personal restraint at least every 30 days. The review must include written clinical justification for the continuation of PRN orders and be documented in the child's record.
	(D) PRN orders may not be used to restrain a child beyond the maximum length of time for personal restraint, as describe in §749.2281 of this chapter (relating to What is the maximum length of time that an emergency behavior intervention can be administered to a child?).
(3) Emergency medication	The licensed physician must review PRN orders for emergency medication at least every 30 days. The review must include written clinical justification for the continuation of PRN orders and be documented in the child's record.